

2021-22

Key Question

Why do Christians call the day Jesus died Good Friday?

Key Concepts

Sacrifice and atonement	Jesus's death was a sacrifice; he gave his life for others as a punishment for their sin. In this way, Christians believe Jesus died to save people – to rescue them from their sins and to bring them back to God.
Holy Communion / Eucharist	A religious ceremony by which Christians remember Jesus's sacrifice, death and resurrection. The bread and wine symbolise Jesus's body and blood (as per the Last Supper).

Key People

Jesus	King of the Jews
Pontius Pilate	Roman governor of Judaea (under the emperor Tiberius who presided at the trial of Jesus and gave the order for his crucifixion).
Judas Iscariot	One of Jesus's twelve disciples who betrayed Jesus to the Sanhedrin in the Garden of Gethsemane.
Barabbas	A prisoner who was chosen by the crowd, over Jesus, to be released by Pilate in a customary pardon before the feast of Passover.
Mary	Mother of Jesus

Key Vocabulary

1	Sin	A bad act considered to be against God's law.
2	Forgiveness	The act of stopping feeling angry or resentful towards someone for a bad thing or mistake.
3	Sacrifice	To give up something valued for the sake of other people.
4	Crucifixion	An ancient form of execution in which a person was nailed or bound to a cross.
5	Resurrection	Restore to life; the rising of Christ from the dead.
6	Palm Sunday	The day the people threw palm leaves onto the road and Jesus entered Jerusalem on a donkey.
7	Good Friday	The day Jesus was crucified and died.
8	Easter Sunday	The day Jesus was resurrected and came back to life.

Key Bible Passages (Gospels)

Matthew 21.7-11,	The story of Jesus and Palm Sunday. The people threw palm leaves onto the road and Jesus entered Jerusalem on a donkey.
Luke 23.13-25	The bringing of Jesus to Pilate by the Jews, His mockery by the soldiers, His crucifixion and death, and His burial.
Luke. 24.1-12	Describes the woman discovering Jesus has risen.